International Expert Workshop on CITES Non-Detriment Findings

Cancun, Mexico, November 17 to 21, 2008

Working Group - Perennials

Case Study: Panax quinquefolius

CITES Scientific Authority for the United States

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Division of Scientific Authority Patricia Ford

Panax quinquefolius American ginseng



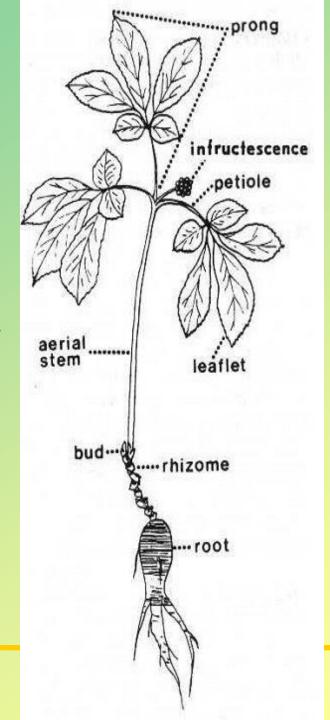
Listed in Appendix II of CITES on July 1, 1975



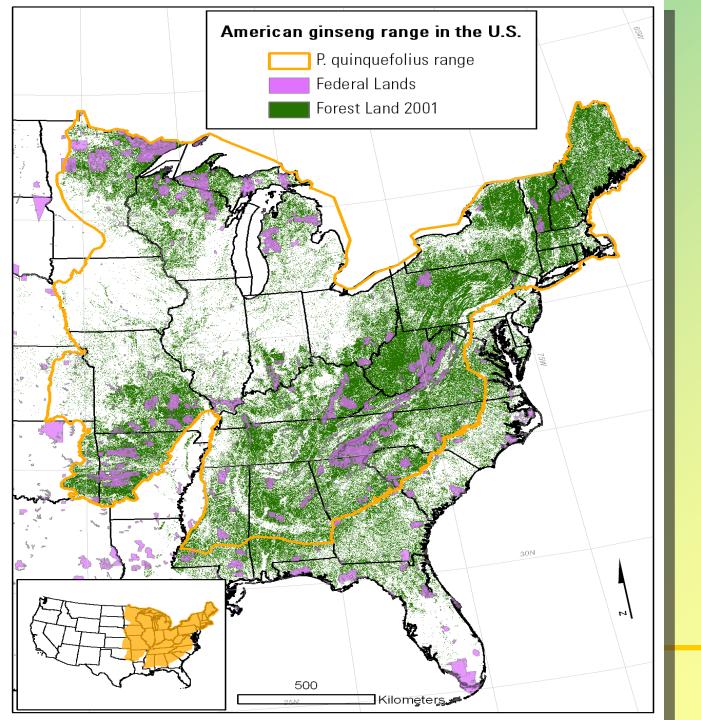




Morphology of Panax quinquefolius



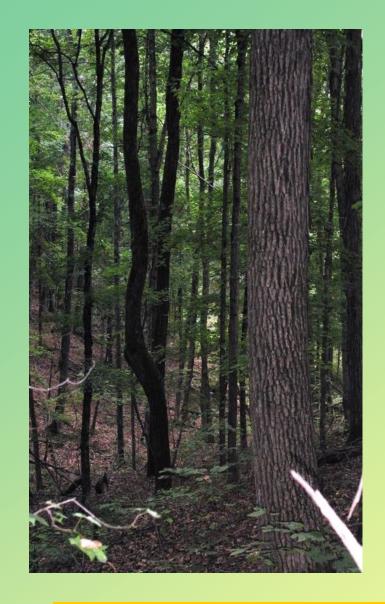


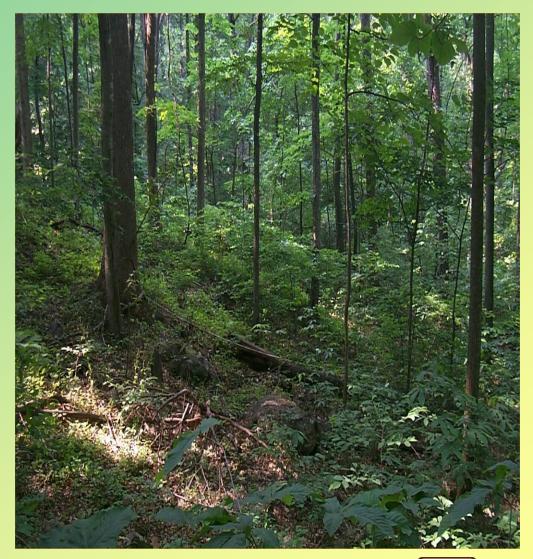






Habitat for Panax quinquefolius in the USA.







United States non-detriment finding for Panax quinquefolius

- The U.S. Scientific Authority makes a programmatic non-detriment finding on a State-by-State basis.
- Not on a permit-by-permit basis for individual applicants.



19 U.S. States are approved for the export of wild-harvested roots

- Alabama
- Arkansas
- Georgia
- Illinois
- Indiana
- Iowa
- Kentucky
- Maryland
- Minnesota
- Missouri

- New York
- North Carolina
- Ohio
- Pennsylvania
- Tennessee
- Vermont
- Virginia
- West Virginia
- Wisconsin



U.S. CITES Authorities Export Program for States

- States must have promulgated laws and regulations for the harvest and sale of ginseng roots.
- States must have a management program designed to monitor and protect populations of P. quinquefolius from over-harvest.



U.S. CITES Authorities Export Program for States

- States must provide an assessment of its population and trends;
- Distribution of the species on a county-by-county basis;
- Information on the phenology of the species in their State; and
- Description of the types of information used to make the assessment.



U.S. Non-detriment finding for Panax quinquefolius

- The 19 approved States must submit an annual harvest report with current species' status information;
- The weight of the total amount of wild-harvested roots;
- Total amount harvested on a county-by-county basis;
- The average number of roots per pound; and
- Trends in abundance and distribution of populations.



Information the U.S. S.A. considers for making a NDF for *Panax quinquefolius*

- Biological life history characteristics of the species (e.g., reproductive strategy, recruitment rate, survival rate, regeneration requirements);
- Status of the species in the wild;
- Population structure, size, and trends;
- Genetic diversity;



Information the U.S. S.A. considers for making a NDF for *Panax quinquefolius*

- Areas of harvest and non-harvest;
- Habitat distribution (e.g., continuous, fragmented);
- Habitat availability and quality;
- Role of the species in its ecosystem;



Information the U.S. S.A. considers for making a NDF for *Panax quinquefolius*

- Main threats to species;
- Management and harvest practices;
- Trade data: legal and illegal trade levels; and
- State legislation and regulatory requirements, and law enforcement practices.



Sources of Information

- State annual reports
- Published and unpublished scientific literature
- Species experts/researchers
- Other government agencies
- CITES documents and trade data
- Private enterprises and non-governmental organizations (NGOs)
- U.S. Code of Federal Regulations 50 Part 23



U.S. Non-detriment finding for Panax quinquefolius

- Since 1999, only roots harvested from plants that are 5-years of age or older can be exported.
- Harvest has remained relatively stable overall.



Age Determination of Panax quinquefolius







Contact Information

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Division of Scientific Authority

Telephone: 703-358-1708

Fax: 703-358-2276

E-mail: scientificauthority@fws.gov

Web: http://international.fws.gov

